## **Amendments to the Claims**

1		1.	(Previously Presented)	A method of scheduling data for	
2	2 transmission over a communication link based on priorities assigned to the da			ased on priorities assigned to the data,	
	compr	ising:			
4		rècei	ving multiple descriptors at a	communication interface device, each of said	
	descri	ptors d	describing a data portion having	ng an associated priority;	
6		stori	ng said descriptors in a plurali	ity of memories on said communication	
	interfa	ice de	vice, wherein each of said men	mories is configured to store one or more of	
8	said descriptors describing data associated with a predetermined priority;				
		main	ntaining a dynamic weight for	each of said plurality of memories, wherein	
each said dynamic weight corresponds to a threshold amount of			a threshold amount of data associated with said		
	predet	ermin	ed priority; and		
12		servi	icing said plurality of memoria	es, wherein each said servicing of one of said	
	plural	ity of	memories comprises:		
14	(a)		receiving a descriptor from	sand serviced memory;	
	(b)		retrieving data described by	y said received descriptor;	
16	(c)		scheduling said data for tra	insmission via the communication link;	
	(d)		determining whether an an	nount of data scheduled during said servicing	
18		for t	ransmission via said communi	ication link exceeds said threshold amount of	
		data	corresponding to said dynami	c weight for said serviced memory;	
20	(e)		repeating states (a) through	n (d) for a next descriptor in said serviced	
		mem	nory if said amount of data sch	neduled for transmission during said servicing is	
22		less	than said threshold amount of	data; and	
	(f)		if said amount of data sche	eduled for transmission exceeds said threshold	
24		amo	unt of data, decreasing said th	reshold for a next servicing of said serviced	
		men	nory.		
		2.	(Previously Presented)	The method of claim 1, wherein said	
2		ing fu	rther comprises:		
	(g)		determining if said service	d memory contains a descriptor.	

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- 3. (Currently-Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said servicing

  further comprises:
- (g) determining whether a dynamic weight for one of said plurality of4 memories has changed.
  - 4. (Cancelled)
- 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
  2 if any of said dynamic weights changes prior to said next servicing, reinstating the pre-decreased threshold for said next servicing.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said receiving multiple descriptors comprises:
- determining if a first memory of said plurality of memories contains less than a

  4 predetermined number of descriptors, wherein said first memory is configured to store
  one or more descriptors describing data associated with a first priority;
- issuing a request to a host computer, said request identifying said first memory; receiving a first descriptor describing a first set of data having said first priority.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein said first descriptor 2 comprises one or more of:
- an identifier of a storage area on said host computer containing said first set of data;
- an indicator configured to indicate whether said first set of data is a starting portion of data for a packet; and
- an indicator configured to indicate whether said first set of data is an ending portion of data for a packet.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising transmitting said data scheduled for transmission via said communication link before the entire

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contents of a packet comprising said scheduled data are scheduled for transmission.

	9.	(Original)	The method of claim 1, wherein each of said dynamic
2	weights is dyr	namically modif	hable to adjust said threshold amounts of data.

- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the communication interface device is a network interface circuit and the communication link is a network.
- 11. (Previously Presented) A method of scheduling data for transmission over a communication link by servicing, in turn, multiple memories associated with data having different priorities, comprising:
- storing in a first memory a first set of descriptors associated with data having a first priority, wherein said first memory has a first dynamic weight corresponding to a
- 6 first threshold amount of data;

storing in a second memory a second set of descriptors associated with data 8 having a second priority, wherein said second memory has a second dynamic weight corresponding to a second threshold amount of data;

in a first servicing turn of said first memory:

determining whether one of said first weight and said second weight has changed;

receiving a first descriptor from said first memory;

parsing said first descriptor to identify a first data portion having said first priority;

retrieving said first data portion from a host computer memory;

scheduling said first data portion for transmission onto the communication

link; and

determining whether an amount of first priority data exceeding said first threshold has, during said first servicing turn, been scheduled for transmission; and

if said first threshold has been exceeded, maintaining a first deficit to determine how much less than said first threshold of data may be scheduled during a subsequent

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- servicing turn of said first memory, wherein said first deficit is initially proportional to said excess.
  - 12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, further comprising,
- 2 if said amount of first priority data scheduled for transmission during said first servicing turn exceeds said first threshold decreasing said first threshold for a subsequent servicing
- 4 of said first memory.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein said first deficit is set to zero if one of said first weight and said second weight has changed.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said first servicing turn further comprises: determining whether said first memory is empty.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein said first servicing turn is terminated if, during said first servicing turn, either said first memory is determined to be empty or said amount of first priority data scheduled for transmission exceeds said first threshold.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said determining 2 comprises:
- incrementing a data counter for each unit of first priority data scheduled during said first servicing turn; and comparing said data counter to said first threshold.
  - 17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein said data unit is a byte.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 11, further comprising servicing said 2 second memory in a second turn, wherein said servicing said second memory comprises: until at least one of:
- 4 said second memory is determined to be empty;

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	one of said first weight and said second weight change; and		
6	an amount of data scheduled during said second turn for transmission		
	the communication link exceeds the lesser of said second threshold and said		
8	second threshold minus a second deficit, wherein said second deficit corresponds		
Ü	to an amount of data by which said second threshold was exceeded in one or more		
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10	earlier servicing turns of said second memory;		
	repeatedly:		
12	receiving from said second memory a second descriptor describing a		
	second set of data having said second priority;		
14	retrieving said second set of data;		
	scheduling said second set of data for transmission via the communication		
16	link; and		
	tracking an amount of data scheduled during said second turn by adding		
18	the size of said second set of data to a measure of data previously scheduled		
	during said second turn.		
	19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein:		
2	said first memory corresponds to data having a highest priority; and		
2			
	if one of said first servicing turn and said second servicing turn terminates		
4	because one of said first dynamic weight and said second dynamic weight change, said		
	first memory is the next memory serviced.		
	20. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the method is performed		
2	in a network interface circuit and the communication link is a network.		

- 21. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said first dynamic weight 2 is approximately equal to a maximum packet size of the communication link.
  - 22. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said second dynamic weight is approximately equal to one.

## 23. CANCELLED

	24. (Previously Presented) A computer readable storage medium
2	storing instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a
	method of scheduling data for transmission over a communication link by servicing, in
4	turn, multiple memories associated with data having different priorities, the method
	comprising:
6	storing in a first memory a first set of descriptors associated with data having a
	first priority, wherein said first memory has a first dynamic weight corresponding to a
8	first threshold amount of data;
	storing in a second memory a second set of descriptors associated with data
0	having a second priority, wherein said second memory has a second dynamic weight
	corresponding to a second threshold amount of data;
2	in a first servicing turn of said first memory:
	determining whether one of said first weight and said second weight has
4	changed;
	receiving a first descriptor from said first memory;
6	parsing said first descriptor to identify a first data portion having said first
	priority;
8	retrieving said first data portion from a host computer memory;
	scheduling said first data portion for transmission onto the communication
20	link; and
	determining whether an amount of first priority data exceeding said first
22	threshold has, during said first servicing turn, been scheduled for transmission;
	and
24	if said first threshold has been exceeded, maintaining a first deficit to determine
	how much less than said first threshold of data may be scheduled during a subsequent
26	servicing turn of said first memory, wherein said first deficit is initially proportional to
	said excess.
	25. (Original) A communication interface device for transmitting

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- 2 prioritized data over a communication link, comprising:
  - a first memory configured to store a descriptor corresponding to a first packet
- 4 having a first priority, said first memory being associated with a first weight, wherein said first weight corresponds to a first preferred amount of data to be scheduled, during a
- 6 first servicing turn of said first memory, for transmission over a communication link;
  - a second memory\configured to store a descriptor corresponding to a second
- 8 packet having a second priority, said second memory being associated with a second weight, wherein said second weight corresponds to a second preferred amount of data to
- be scheduled, during a first servicing turn of said second memory, for transmission over said communication link;
- a transmission queue into which one of said first packet and said second packet is placed for transmission over a communication link; and
- an arbiter configured to movitor an amount of data retrieved during said servicing turn in which one of said first packet and said second packet is placed in said
- 16 transmission queue;

wherein said first weight and said second weight are dynamically adjustable.

- 26. (Original) The communication interface device of claim 25, further comprising a loader configured to retrieve said first packet for placing in said transmission queue during said servicing turn of said first memory.
- 27. (Original) The communication interface device of claim 26, wherein said loader is further configured to load a next descriptor for storage in one of said first memory and said second memory.
- 28. (Original) The communication interface device of claim 25, wherein said arbiter is further configured to determine whether an amount of data placed in said transmission queue during said first servicing turn of said first memory exceeds said first
- 4 preferred amount of data to be placed in said transmission queue during said first servicing turn of said first memory.



- 29. (Original) The communication interface device of claim 28, wherein said first preferred amount of data is reduced by a deficit for a second servicing round of said first memory.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The communication interface device of claim 29, wherein said deficit corresponds to an amount of data, beyond said first preferred amount of data, that is placed in said transmission queue during said first servicing turn.
- 31. (Original) The communication interface device of claim 26, further comprising a multiplexer configured to pass said descriptor corresponding to said first packet to said arbiter and said loader during said first servicing turn of one of said first memory and said second memory.
- 32. (Currently Amended) A computer readable storage medium

  2 storing instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a method of scheduling data for transmission over a communication link based on priorities

  4 assigned to the data, the method comprising:

receiving multiple descriptors at a communication interface device, each of said descriptors describing a data portion having an associated priority;

storing said descriptors in a plurality of memories on said communication interface device, wherein each of said memories is configured to store one or more of said descriptors describing data associated with a predetermined priority;

maintaining a dynamic weight for each of said plurality of memories, wherein each said dynamic weight corresponds to a threshold amount of data associated with said predetermined priority; and

servicing said plurality of memories, wherein each said servicing of one of said plurality of memories comprises:

- (a) receiving a descriptor from said serviced memory;
- 16 (b) retrieving data described by said received descriptor;
  - (c) scheduling said data for transmission via the communication link;

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	18 (d) determining whether an amount of data scheduled during said		determining whether an amount of data scheduled during said servicing	
			for transmission via said communication link exceeds said threshold amount of	
	20		data corresponding to said dynamic weight for said serviced memory;	
		(e)	repeating states (a) through (d) for a next descriptor in said serviced	
	22		memory if said amount of data scheduled for transmission during said servicing is	
<b>)</b>			less than said threshold amount of data; and	
2	24	(f)	if said amount of data scheduled for transmission exceeds said threshold	
, ,			amount of data, decreasing said threshold for a next servicing of said serviced	
	26		memory.	